Distributed Algorithms

Causal & Total Order Broadcast 3rd exercise session

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Exercise 1

Would it make sense to add the total-order property to the best-effort broadcast?

Consensus-Based Total-Order Broadcast algorithm

Exercise 2

What happens in our "Consensus-Based Total-Order Broadcast" algorithm, if the set of messages delivered in a round is not sorted deterministically after deciding in the consensus abstraction, but before it is proposed to consensus?

What happens in that algorithm if the set of messages decided on by consensus is not sorted deterministically at all?

```
upon event \langle tob, Init \rangle do
      unordered := \emptyset;
      delivered := \emptyset:
      round := 1;
      wait := FALSE;
upon event \langle tob, Broadcast \mid m \rangle do
      trigger \langle rb, Broadcast \mid m \rangle;
upon event \langle rb, Deliver \mid p, m \rangle do
      if m \not\in delivered then
            unordered := unordered \cup \{(p, m)\};
upon unordered \neq \emptyset \land wait = \text{False} \, \mathbf{do}
      wait := TRUE;
      Initialize a new instance c.round of consensus;
      trigger \langle c.round, Propose \mid unordered \rangle;
upon event \langle c.r, Decide \mid decided \rangle such that r = round do
      // by the order in the resulting sorted list
      forall (s, m) \in sort(decided) do
            trigger \langle tob, Deliver \mid s, m \rangle;
      delivered := delivered \cup decided;
      unordered := unordered \setminus decided;
      round := round + 1;
      wait := FALSE;
```

Exercise 3

The "Consensus-Based Total-Order Broadcast" algorithm transforms a consensus abstraction (together with a reliable broadcast abstraction) into a total-order broadcast abstraction.

Describe a transformation between these two primitives in the other direction, that is, implement a (uniform) consensus abstraction from a (uniform) total-order broadcast abstraction.